



July 27, 2022

Ms. Laurie Balfour
Executive Director
Automobile Insurance Rate Board
2440 Canadian Western Bank Place
10303 Jasper Avenue
Edmonton, AB T5J 3N6

Re: AIRB Annual Review

Dear Laurie,

We welcome the opportunity to comment on Oliver Wyman's report on industry experience as part of the AIRB's annual review for private passenger vehicles. Our commentary focuses on the inflation challenges in the market and the importance of a flexible and stable regulatory environment.

Inflation Challenges

There is unprecedented uncertainty in society affecting all businesses:

- The pandemic has caused systemic supply chain challenges
- People are returning to normal activities but what the new normal will be is unknown
- The economy is facing inflation at levels not seen in decades
- Russia's invasion of Ukraine is compounding the supply chain challenges.

In the case of the auto insurance business, this uncertainty means that it is more challenging than usual to predict the future cost of claims. Unlike historical trends where we see development over time, the inflation trend emerged suddenly in the latter part of 2021, hitting the three main components of auto property damage costs:

1. Cost of replacing unrepairable vehicles
2. Repair costs
3. Vehicle rental costs.

Cost of Replacing Vehicles

The price of used vehicles is the main cost associated with replacing unrepairable vehicles. Because the pandemic allowed many Canadians to save more, the demand for vehicles increased. However, a combination of the pandemic, the global microchip shortage, and plant closures caused a shortage in new vehicles in the market. As [Statistics Canada](#) explains, used vehicles filled the gap and became more expensive.

“Supply chain disruptions, notably for the semiconductor chips used in various components of newly manufactured vehicles, and pandemic-related plant closures continue to impact the manufacture of new vehicles, leading to reduced inventories. With fewer new cars and trucks available for purchase and lengthy delays for delivery of new vehicles purchased, consumers have sought out used cars, driving up demand. At the same time, fewer consumers are trading in their used models, creating a supply shortage in the used vehicle market. These shifting market dynamics have, consequently, resulted in steeper price increases for used vehicles than for new vehicles.”

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[Autotrader](#) reports that as of Q1 2022, the national average price of a used vehicle was \$37,768, a 38% year-over-year increase, the highest on record. As for where used vehicle prices are headed, [Canadian Black Book](#) reports that they have started to decline but because they remain much higher than this time last year, it could take a while before they return to pre-pandemic levels.

Repair Costs

Because of supply chain challenges that caused a shortage of parts as well as inflationary pressures on the cost of labour, repairing a vehicle became more expensive. Fortunately, in the case of auto insurance, insurers with agreements with preferred repair shops have been able to absorb some of the underlying cost pressures. Nevertheless, although bound by current contractual agreements, these preferred shops are renegotiating their agreements with insurers to reflect the new economic realities.

As an indication of what is coming, [Boyd Group Services](#), one of North America's largest operators of non-franchised collision repair centres, reports that "the ability to service demand continues to be constrained by labor availability and parts supply chain issues" and that it has "successfully negotiated an unprecedented number of meaningful rate increases from clients, demonstrating that insurers understand the need for increasing pricing".

Vehicle Rentals

Vehicle rental costs are higher than usual for two reasons.

1. At the start of the pandemic, rental companies reduced their fleets to accommodate a sudden change in demand and cashflow. There are now fewer rental vehicles available to meet the increasing demand.
2. The difficulty in sourcing parts for repairs means that customers waiting for their repaired vehicle need to rent a vehicle for a longer period.

[Statistics Canada](#) reports that as of June 2022, the cost index for passenger vehicle rentals was 28.5% higher than the previous year. Although still high, rental costs have been declining since peaking in late 2021 as rental companies replenish their fleets.

Recommendation

We agree with Oliver Wyman's approach of recognizing the current economic environment when calculating future loss cost trend rates. In addition to accounting for CPI data for vehicle maintenance and repair costs, as Oliver Wyman describes in its report, we recommend that insurers be allowed to account for the new CPI data on the price of [used vehicles](#) and the CPI data for [rental of passenger vehicles](#). This way, insurers can account for the inflationary pressures facing the three main auto property damage cost components.

We also advise the AIRB to be open to other methods and data sources for recognizing inflation in future loss cost trend rates.

Regulatory Environment

We note the AIRB's current position to have a profit provision of 7%.

Alberta's auto insurance market can be more volatile than the markets in other provinces. Catastrophic hailstorms and floods hit Alberta more than any other part of the country. Alberta is susceptible to sudden economic swings based on demand in the oil and gas sector. Tort-based auto insurance for injury claims is also always at risk of sudden cost increases from one or two unexpected court decisions. Although a global development, high inflation adds another risk to operating in Alberta.

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The recent changes that the AIRB made to the rate filing guidelines better position insurers to manage these risks while maintaining stable premiums for Albertans. That is because insurers can now respond to market conditions faster with more regular incremental rate and segmentation changes.

Recommendation

Any regulatory change that restricts insurers' ability to manage risk and earn a fair return from deploying their capital in a volatile market could limit investment, growth, and innovation in that market. For this reason, we support keeping the profit provision at 7%.

We hope the AIRB finds these comments helpful as it finalizes its benchmarks for forthcoming rate approvals. We would be pleased to discuss our comments further.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Ryan Stein".

Ryan Stein
AVP, Regulatory and Industry Affairs

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